Timeline of slavery

16 TH CENTURY



Print from Stedman's book.

1502
First enslaved Africans in the Americas.

17TH CENTURY

1655
England seizes Jamaica from Spain.

1672The Royal African Company is formed to regulate the English slave trade.

1698
Royal African Company monopoly is ended. The slave trade is opened officially to private traders.

18TH CENTURY

The South Sea Bubble: South Sea Company share prices become enormously inflated before collapsing in September, resulting in a stock market crash.



1730-1739
First Maroon War in Jamaica. British agree a treaty with the Maroon leader Cudjoe in 1739.

1759
William Wilberforce, the abolitionist, is born in Hull.

1760
Slave rebellion in Jamaica led by Tacky.

The Somerset case in London. Chief Justice Lord Mansfield rules that enslaved people in England cannot be forced to return to the West Indies.

1786
Thomas Clarkson's 'An essay on the slavery and commerce of the human species' is published and makes an immediate impact.

1787
The Society for the Abolition of the Slave Trade is founded.



1788
In response to growing concern about conditions in the 'Middle Passage' the Dolben Act limits the number of enslaved people a ship is permitted to carry. Even with these restrictions, conditions remain dreadful.

1790
William Wilberforce presents the first abolition bill to the House of Commons, but it does not pass.



William Wilberforce

1795-96
Second Maroon War in Jamaica, ending in defeat for the Maroons.



Trelawney Town, chief residence of the Maroons.

19m CENTURY

1802 First West India dock opens.

The British West Africa Squadron is established at Sierra Leone to suppress any illegal slave trading by British citizens. Between 1810-65, nearly 150,000 people are freed by anti-slavery squadrons.



HM Brig Acorn, 16 guns, in chase of the piratical slaver Gabriel.

1817
Slave Registration Act forces all slave owners to provide a list of all the enslaved people they own every two years.

1823
Anti-Slavery Committee formed in London to campaign for total abolition of slavery.

1831
Major slave revolt called 'The Baptists' War' breaks out in Jamaica, led by Baptist preacher Sam Sharpe, and is brutally suppressed.



Kingston and Port Royal, Jamaica.

Abolition of Slavery Act — Britain abolishes slavery and provides for the emancipation of enslaved people in the British West Indies, to take effect in August 1834. The Act declares that the former enslaved people must serve a period of apprenticeship before receiving full emancipation. Originally this period was set at six years, but it was later reduced to four.



Plate commemorating the abolition of the slave trade

1838
Emancipation of enslaved people in British territories. Colonial assemblies pass laws against vagrancy and squatting to support the planters' interests.

The largest and most famous uprising by black Jamaicans. In a riot in Morant Bay the crowd attacks the police station and the local militia killing 17 Europeans and wounding 32. Over a few days a number of plantations are also attacked. The authorities react violently and declare martial law. The ringleaders are executed and around 400 blacks are killed.

BLACK HISTORY MONTH READING LIST

AUTHOR

TITLE & CLASS No

LOCATION

Zephaniah, B

Too Black, Too Strong 821.914

DF MH PR

Zephaniah, B

City Psalms

821.914 ZEP

C

Bryan, B

Heart Of The Race: Black Women's Lives In Britain

301.451

PR

Younge, G

No Place Like Home

301.451

MH, MA

Phillips, M & Phillips, T

Windrush

301.451

PR

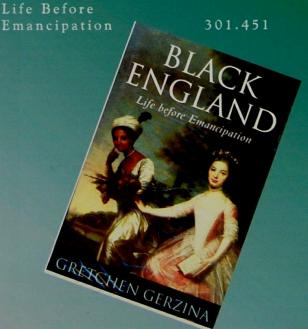
Segal, Ronald

The Black Diaspora 301.451

C

Black England:

Life Before



BLACK HISTORY MONTH READING LIST

AUTHOR

TITLE & CLASS No LOCATION

STAYING POWER

Fryer, P

Staying Power: The History Of Black

People In Britain

301.4510942

Malik, S

Representing Black Britain:

Black and Asian Images

On Television

791.450899

The History of Black People C in Britain PETER FRYER

Walvin, I

Black Ivory: A History Of British Slavery

326

Williams, P

Caribbean Cook

641.59729

C

Caribbean: Irresistible Tropical Flavours From The Island

Of The Sun

641.59729



Floyd On Africa 641.596

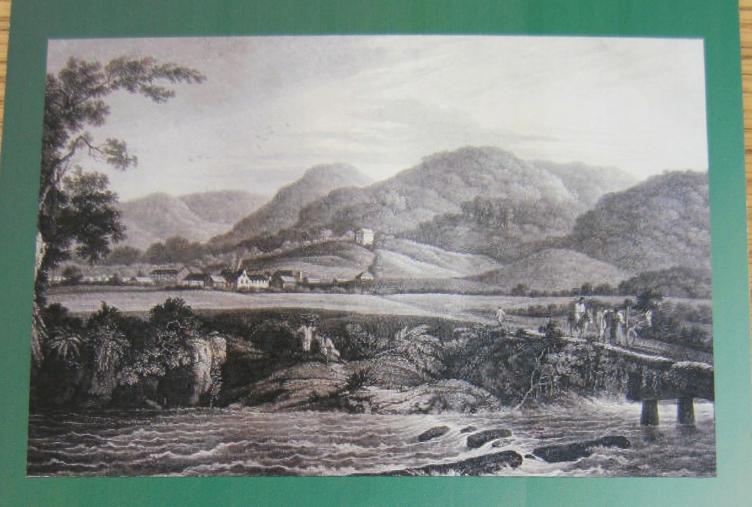
BLACK HISTORY WEB SITES

www.black-history-month.co.uk

A JAMAICAN PLANTATION VILLAGE PRE - 1843



TYPICAL VIEWS OF JAMAICA PRE - 1834





WOMEN'S DRESS PRE - 1843 JAMAICA



[Female Negro Peasant in her Sunday and Working Dress.]

THE CROSSLEY COLLECTION.

This collection was donated to Barnsley Archives and Local Studies by Fairfield and Nicholls Solicitors of Warminster in 1994.

The family originated from the Penistone area and held land in Penistone and Barnsley as well as other areas of Yorkshire such as Hull and Leeds. Benjamin Crossley the eldest son became a magistrate and official receiver on the Caribbean Island of Jamaica and such owned at least 3 plantations that we know of.

When the collection arrived in the department it was catalogued and some of the documents were conserved and repaired this is when the slave deeds were discovered, the deeds are a extremely important part of Black Caribbean History as they help reveal further information about life in Jamaica in the early 1800's.

As many people are using such documents to help them trace their family origins we felt it was an appropriate time to publicise these documents in Black History Month.

CROSSLEY FAMILY TREE

Issac Crossley M Sarah Marsden 4th May 1769 Luke Thomas Crossley Benjamin Crossley Baptised in Penistone 1783 Baptised 19th May 1774 Baptised 25th March 1770 Married Anna Maria Featherstone 18th October 1824 in Wakefield Thomas William (Natural children to Elizabeth) A free woman of colour

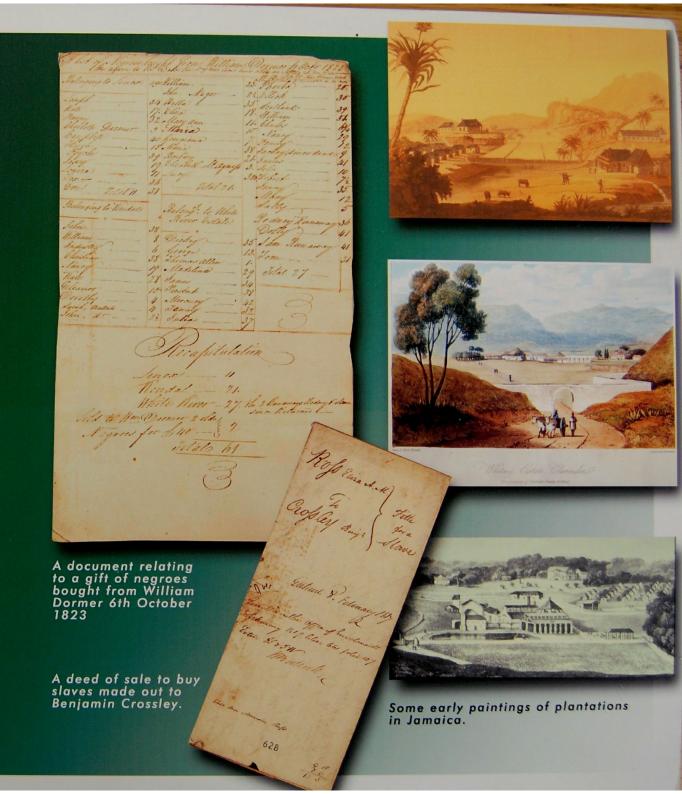
An example of a family history researched using the archives resources.

Rev Thomas Benjamin Sarah Ann Fanny Anna Maria Elizabeth Jane Ellen

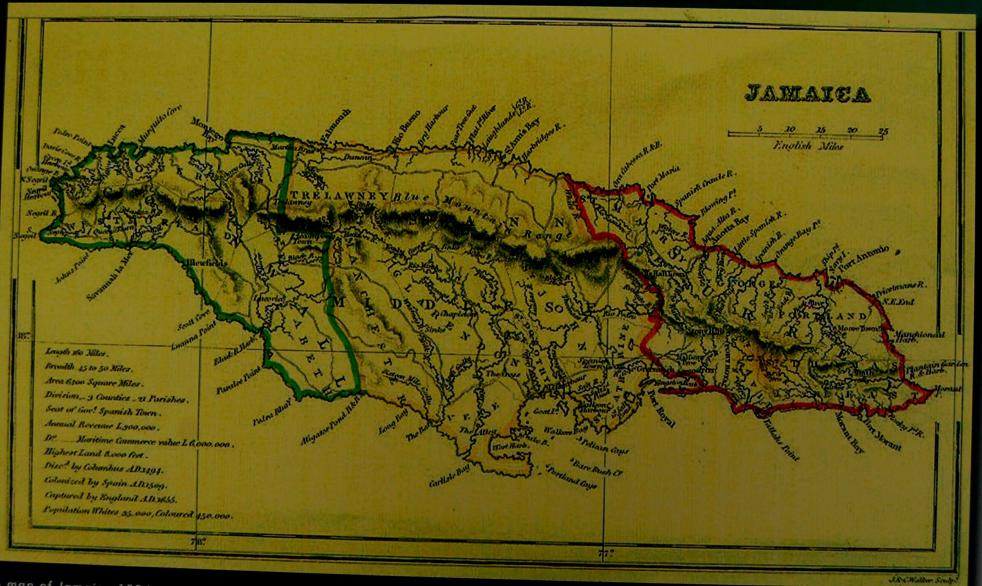
Benjamin and Luke Thomas Crossley were born in Penistone in the late 1700's. Their parents were Isaac and Sarah Crossley nee Marsden. Benjamin was the oldest child and somehow made his way to Jamaica were he became a magistrate and a official receiver. This meant that he was in charge of any business that became bankrupt or property that was in dispute due to legal actions. Little did he know that his own estates would be the subject of a bitter family feud after his brothers death.

Benjamin died in 1822 in Jamaica and his will makes interesting reading. He leaves all his property and goods to his brother. He also acknowledges 3 natural children to Elizabeth a free woman of colour and leaves instructions that the 3 boys be sent to England to be educated and trained in a profession or trade of their choice. We have no idea whether this ever happened but there is no mention of them in Luke Thomas's will when he died in 1857. Benjamin also stipulated in his will that the estates were not to be sold until at least 3 years after his death in fact they were not sold until Luke died. By this time slavery had ended in Jamaica and Luke's son Benjamin was farming the land.

In Luke's will he stipulated that all his property had to be sold and the money put into a general purpose fund for all his children. This included Bullhouse Mill at Thurlstone and property in Leeds and Hull. It appears that Benjamin junior was not happy at the thought of losing the estates in Jamaica and a long court battle ensued between his brothers and sisters and himself. He appears to have won because the name Crossley still appears in the records of landowners in 1900.



Benjamin Crossley had 3 estates in Jamaica Lenox, Kendal and White River. He lived around an area called Buff Bay which is situated roughly near Annota Bay which was renamed after the major slave revolt in 1831 known as the The Baptists' Wars."



Buff Buy Jaint Grown 19th May 1815 Benjamin Cossley Esquire Bought of Robert William Sutherlance A Sugra warmen Slave neimed Ellen, and and other deane lown on bleve numed Molly, and her three Children Fir 1 Grace, Hackel, and Kitty levice an for Tuxes due by Birano Manhahiaro and sold at Public actory for the sum of The Stunded and Simby swen parends fifteen shellings _ + 397. 16. at same time recived payment-AWInthurland G. G. Personally appeared before me This Twenty into day of May 1815 - The whave numed Robert Sale and recipt to be just and true, and the signature thuto to be his peoper name and hand writing with the Letter CC Thousands unreged

Buff Bay Saint George 19th May 1815

Benjamin Crossley Esquire

Bought of Robert William Sutheerland CC at Public Sale

A Negro women slave named Ellen and another Negro women slave named Molly, and her three children Viz Grace, Rachel and Kitty levied on for taxes due by Biram Plantation and sold at Public Auction for the sum of Three Hundred and Ninety Seven Pounds Fifteen Shillings

£397.15

At same time received payment.

Jamaica Is St George

Personally appeared before one this Twenty Sixth Day of May 1815 the above named Robrt William Sutherland who acknowledged the above sale and receipt to be? and true and the signature thereunto to be his proper name and hand writing with the letters CC thereunto annexed

Know all Men by these presents That I Miza ann Manin Rope of the parish of Saint George in the Country of Surry and Island offices and Spinster for and in consider ation of the Sum of One hundred and Trity to founds current Money of Jamaica to me in hand paid at it before the insecting and delivery of these presents by Benjamin Cropley of the said penish country and fluid of media required the Receipt whose I do housely acknowledge have benjamed and Told and of these presents dothe bargain Sell and deliver unte the said Benjamin brokly a cutain ruge Woman Slave named Duphne To have and to hold the said Regre Woman Stair names Daphne together with her future Spice Aspring and Increases unto the said Benjamin Crepley his hiers Executors administrators and obigns to him and their may proper we burifit and behoef for wer And she the said Miga am Mormin Rop her viewlen and Administrate of the said bagained premises unto the said Buyamin frafiley his Away received arministrators and obigins from and against all powered shall and will worrant and for our defend by these present In Witness where I have horeunte set my hand and Seal Dated in Saintlyconger this fifteenth - day of Nambus with Sifty sight year of his Majerlys Reign And in the year of Our ford One thousand light hundred and Sixteen . - Eligent 110. 1.16 Might dealer and Thomastories

Jamaica Is

Know all Men by these presents that I Eliza Ann Morrisson Ross of the Parish of Saint George in the County of Surrey and Island aforesaid spinster for and in consideration of the sum of One Hundred and Fifty Pounds current money of Jamaica to me in hand paid at or before the ensealing and delivery of these present by Benjamin Crossley of the Parish County and Island aforesaid Esquire the reciepit whereof I do herby acknowledge have bargained and sold and by these presents doth bargain sell and deliver unto the said Benjamin Crossley a certain Negro women Slave named Daphne to have and to hold the said Negro Slave Daphne together with her future offspring and increase unto the said Benjamin Crossley his Heirs executors and administrators and assigns to him and their only proper use and benefit and behoof for ever. And she the said Eliza Ann Morrison Ross her executors and administrators the said bargained premises unto the sai Benjamin Crossley his heirs executors administrators and assigns from and against all persons all persons shall and will warrant and for ever defend by these presents. In witness whereof I hve hereunto set my hand and seal. Dated in St Georges this Fifteenth day of November in the Fifty Sixth year of his Majesty's Reign and in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixteen

Know all men by these present that Richard Kildare of the City and Parish of Kingston in the County of Surry and the Island of Jamaica aforesaid a free black man and Johannah his wife

For and in consideration of the sum of eighty seven pounds current money of Jamaica to them in hand paid at or before the sealing or delivery of these presents do bargain sell and deliver unto the said Elizabeth Wheeler of the Parish of Saint George the County and Island aforesaid a free black women the receipt whereof they do? acknowledged have bargained and sold and by these present do bargain sell and deliver unto said Elizabeth Wheeler her heirs executors administrators and assigns a certain Negro women slave named Christmas together with the future issue

To have and to hold the said Negro women here named Christmas together with the future issue offspring and increase of the said slave

offspring and increase of the said slave

Unto the said Elizabeth Wheeler her Heirs, Administrators and assigns to her and their only proper use and behoof for ever.

And they the said Richard Kildare and Johannah his wife and their respective Executors and Administrators the said bargained premises unto the said Elizabeth Wheeler her heirs Exeutors Administrators and Assigns from and against all persons shall and will warrant and for ever defend these presents. In witness whereof they have hereunto set their several and respective hand and seal Dated at Kingstone on the Twenty Sixth Year of his Majesties Reign and in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixteen

Know all Met, by these presents, That Michaed Kildace of the bity and paish of Amaston in the bounty of hung and Marid a foresaid a feel black allaw. and whaman his mife for and in consideration of the sum of lighty seven pounds Janaica, to home of the mail, at or before the realing and dilivery of these present by Elizabeth Wheeler of the present of character from the month persons that many and bland apresaid after black terms at the receipt whomeof they do bereint necessity necessity have bargained and told; and by these presents do bargain, all, and toltret unto the will Elizabeth Miseller has Here I acoust and misuselectors and apregns a bulein leger tor new Slave neved Christmas lose the with the folice for o figure, and Incoase of the said Have TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the we Mage Noman Have named Theis mas together with the future Ifone Offering and Increase of the desire said Slave her hein Rectutors, Administrators, and Assigns, to lee and their only proper use and behoof for everand they we said Richard Kildare and to hauna his Trife fand there we pective . The said bargeined promises wood the said Eling a bet the lee her Meris Executors, Adradiverstors, and Assigns, front and against all persons, shall and will warrant and for ever defend by these presents. In Witness whereof her have hereunto set their deveral and respective Sandand real Dated at King low in the fresh year of his Milety's Reign and in the person SI our Lord One Thousand Eight Handred tho Stoileen -Signed, feeled, and delivered, } lichard Kilbare John ox " from Johanna + Kildare

JAMAICA, T.

Vendilioni Returnable February Grand Court 1821 Gerard John G Vs Walter Pollock St Mary

Portmain December 12th 1820

Benjamin Crossley Esq

Bought of James Townson
Deputy Marshal at public sale Eleven certain male
and Female Negro Slaves named as follows Viz Fancy
Pollock Leanthe Thomas, Margret McLeod and her
infant, James Herriott, Peggy Batile, England Pollock,
Maria Pollock, Jupiter Barton, Marry Herriott and
Richard Parker. Levied upon under and by value of
the above writ and sold for one thousand and sixty-six
pounds

£1066

Received payment in full

J Townson DM

Memo this 30th December 1820, James Townson Deputy Marshal for Saint Mary? personally appeared before me of his Majesty's judges of the Court of Common pleas and acknowledged the signature "Townson' with the initials "DM" set and subscribed to the above to be the hand writing of him the said James Townson.

Warranted Registered in St Mary in 1817 and 1820 by Walter Pollock

William Davall

J Townson

